NANO LIPOSOMAL DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS

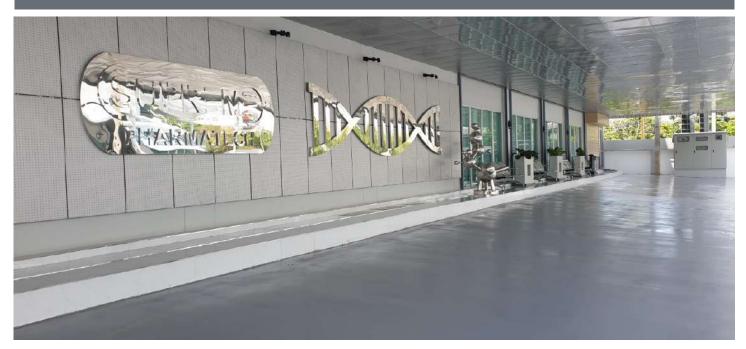
MONO-FORMULATIONS

CAPSULES #0 / TABLETS 1000 MG





ABOUT SUPREME PHARMATECH



Supreme Pharmatech is one of the few biotech companies in the world, which is actively developing and applying liposomal nanotechnology on production scale. Supreme Pharmatech is operating at over 10,000 square meters facilities, which are partially powered by solar energy. The production process is automated at maximum level and complies with GMP regulations. All company products are certified by Thai FDA. The company also passed US FDA registration since beginning of 2021.

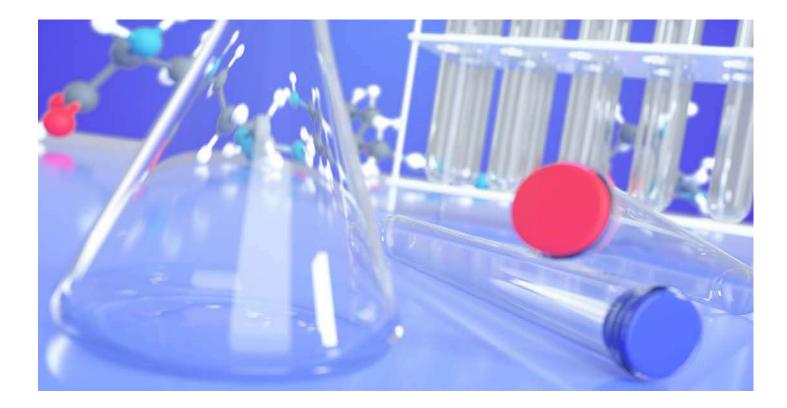
Nowadays food supplements market is rapidly changing into nano liposomal food supplements market, and Supreme Pharmatech is playing a leading role in this change. Liposomal nanotechnology is a revolutionary step in development of pharmaceutical and food industries. Liposomes can manipulate the solubility of encapsulated active ingredients, as well as protect them from degradation, and even achieve delivery to specific site. Oral liposome delivery system is capable to bypass the gastric system and deliver nutrients to the target cells and tissues in almost full digested amount. Liposomes are considered as the most promising carriers for nutrients delivery to the cells because of their ability of long circulation residence time, as well as precise targeting.

Liposomal ingredients of natural origin will soon play an important role in daily life of whole mankind. Liposomal nanotechnology is already used in development and production of vaccines and anti-cancer drugs. Liposomal nanoemulsions are finding more and more applications in pharmaceutical and food industries. It is estimated, that at the end of this decade liposomal nanotechnology will become dominant delivery system for pharmaceuticals and natural active ingredients.

Supreme Pharmatech is applying patented liposomal nanotechnology for production of new generation dietary food supplements for human and animal consumption. Liposomal dietary food supplements for humans may play vital role in integrative medicine and as a preventive measures for many diseases. Liposomal veterinarian dietary supplements may do the same for house pets and bigger animals. Human liposomal dietary food supplements and veterinarian liposomal dietary food supplements may have numerous forms, such as tablets, hard shell capsules with dry powders and hard shell capsules filled with nanoemulsion, softgels with nanoemulsion, ampoules with nanoemulsion, nano sprays, nano powders in sachets, nanoemulsions in sachets, and many more.

R&D department of Supreme Pharmatech constantly carries research in the field of biotech nanotechnology. We had developed numerous SOPs (Standard Operational Procedure) for vitamins, minerals, proteins and amino acids, oils, active botanicals and other active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs).





ABOUT LIPOSOMAL TECHNOLOGY

WHAT IS LIPOSOME

A liposome is a tiny sphere consisting of an aqueous core entrapped within one or more natural phospholipids, which are forming closed bilayered structures. It is happening because phospholipids are amphiphilic, they consist of a hydrophilic head and hydrophobic tail. When phospholipids get in an aqueous solution, the hydrophobic tails face each other avoiding the water and forming a phospholipid bilayer. This bilayer must form closed liposomal sphere in order to exclude water contacting hydrophobic tails.

SIZE OF LIPOSOMES

Liposomes are nano-particles

PHOSPHOLIPID BILAYER

Supreme Pharmatech is using highest purity phospholipids derived from sunflower

TOXISITY OF LIPOSOMES

Liposomes have low toxicity and lack of immune system activation

PATENTED TECHNOLOGY

Supreme Pharmatech is applying patented technology of liposomal encapsulation without the usage of harmful solvents. This unique method of nanoencapsulation can be described as Green Technology.

ADVANTAGES OF LIPOSOMAL TECHNOLOGY

DIGESTIVE ADVANTAGES

Phospholipid bilayer of liposomes is impervious to the various digestive enzymes, acids and bile salts

AVOIDING LIVER METABOLIZATION

The liposomes are absorbed by the enterocytes of the villi in the small intestine and incorporated into chylomicrons inside the enterocytes, then transported to subclavian vein through the lymph system, bypassing the portal circulation of the liver

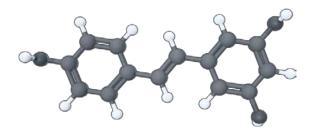
INTRA-CELLULAR DELIVERY

- Adsorption way - is when the liposome wall adheres to the wall of the cell and releases its content into the cell.

- Endocytosis way - is when the cell engulfs the liposome, forms a membrane-bounded vesicle (endosome) and the liposome gains entry into the cell without passing through the cell membrane.

- Fusion way – is when liposome membrane melds with the membrane of the cell and carry the contents of the liposome into the cell.

- Lipid exchange – is when the contents of the liposome and cell exchange their lipid contents.



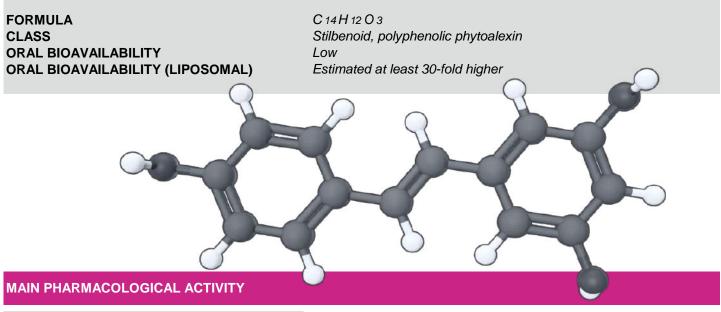
R50 LIPOSOMAL **RESVERATROL** 50 mg







RESVERATROL



ANTIOXIDATIVE

Scavenging free radicals, modulating antioxidant enzymes, prevents oxidative stress-induced cellular damage by increasing the plasma antioxidant capacity

ANTICANCER

Ability to inhibit carcinogenesis at multiple stages by inhibiting angiogenesis, preventing the activation of carcinogens, and induction of cell cycle arrest and apoptosis in tumor cells

CARDIOPROTECTIVE

Blocks the platelet aggregation that results in ischemia and stroke Promotes vasorelaxation through multiple pathways Reduces the formation of atherosclerotic plaques Improves serum cholesterol and triglyceride concentrations

ANTI-INFLAMMATORY

Decreases inflammation by inhibiting the activation of inflammation mediators and markers

IMMUNOMODULATING

Exerts immune-regulatory effects on immune cells Participates in immune cells activation Improves immunologic activity against cancer cells

NEUROPROTECTIVE

Protects the brain against damage following cerebral ischemia and Alzheimer disease

ANTIOBESITY

Reduces body weight and adiposity, prevents an increase in triacylglycerol concentrations

ANTIDIABETIC

Improves glucose homeostasis, decreases insulin resistance, improves insulin secretion, and protects beta cells of pancreas

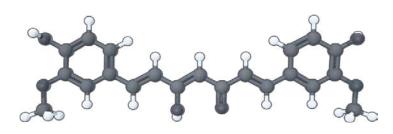
POSSIBLE CLINICAL APPLICATION

Cancers

Cardiovascular diseases including atherosclerosis, stroke, ischemia, heart failure Metabolic disorders, including diabetes and obesity Neurodegenerative diseases including Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Huntington disease Pathological inflammation Bacterial and viral infectious diseases Autoimmune disease including lupus, multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis

References:

https://www.nature.com/articles/nrd2060 https://www.mdpi.com/2072-6643/10/12/1892 https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31035454/



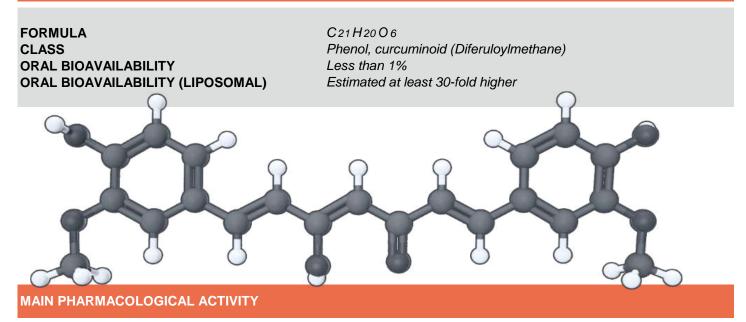
C50 LIPOSOMAL CURCUMIN 50 mg







CURCUMIN



ANTIOXIDATIVE

Improves systemic markers of oxidative stress

Modulates the activity of GSH, catalase, and SOD enzymes active in the neutralization of free radicals Inhibits ROS-generating enzymes such as lipoxygenase/cyclooxygenase and xanthine hydrogenase/oxidase

ANTI-INFLAMMATORY

Capable to suppress inflammation through many different mechanisms

ANTIVIRAL

Antiviral activity against different viruses: papillomavirus virus (HPV), influenza virus, Hepatitis B virus (HBV), Hepatitis C virus (HCV), adenovirus, coxsackie virus, Human norovirus (HuNoV), Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) and Herpes

ANTICANCER

Prevents carcinogenesis by affecting two primary processes: angiogenesis and tumor growth

ANTIBACTERIAL, ANTIFUNGAL

Inhibits growth of a variety of periodontopathic bacteria, pathogenic bacteria (E.coli, S.aureus, H.pylori), able to control fungal related spoilage and fungal pathogens

ANTIALLERGIC

Regulates airway inflammation and airway obstruction mainly by modulating cytokine levels

IMMUNOMODULATING

Immunesuppressive activities resulting in improvement of symptoms of rheumatoid arthritis

LIPID LOWERING, ANTIDIABETIC

Improves overall function of beta-cells, lowering level of HOMA-IR (insulin resistance index) Shown significant improvements in BMI, body fat and body measures

NEUROPROTECTIVE

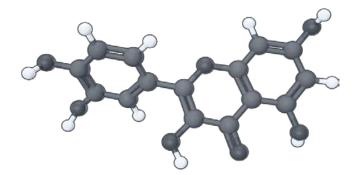
Beneficial effects against neurodegenerative diseases

POSSIBLE CLINICAL APPLICATION

Allergies and respiratory diseases, including respiratory tract infections and asthma Bacterial and parasitic diseases, fungal and viral infections Cancers, tumors, lupus, AIDS, β-Thalassemia Cognitive impairment, including Alzheimer's disease Metabolic disorders, including diabetes and obesity Musculoskeletal diseases, including arthritis and degenerative bone diseases Neuroinflammatory diseases, including Parkinson's disease and diabetic neuropathy Depression, anxiety Skin diseases (vitiligo, psoriasis)

References:

<u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5664031/</u> <u>https://www.ijrrjournal.com/IJRR_Vol.7_Issue.1_Jan2020/IJRR0039.pdf</u> <u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3535097/</u>



Q50 LIPOSOMAL QUERCETIN 50 mg

Ref.No Q50-TC-J30

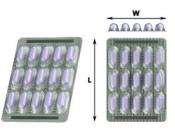
Chewable tablet

1000mg (sugar free)

Ref.No Q50-C0-B30

Hard gelatin (bovine) capsule #0 (sugar free)





Blister plate 115x75mm (15 capsules) 2 blister plates per box

Box 130x25x90mm

(30 capsules)

SUPREME

30

Ref.No Q50-TC-B30



Blister plate 115x75mm (15 tablets) 2 blister plates per box

SUPREME

30



Bottle with box 55x55x130mm (30 tablets)

United States Patent US20100239521A1

Box 130x25x90mm

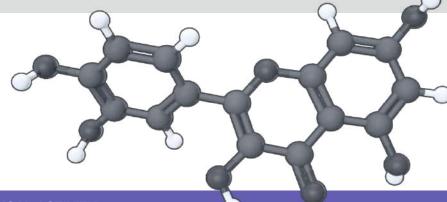
(30 tablets)





QUERCETIN

FORMULA CLASS ORAL BIOAVAILABILITY ORAL BIOAVAILABILITY (LIPOSOMAL) C 15 H 10 O 7 Bioflavonoid (3,3',4',5,7-pentahydroxyflavone) Low Estimated at least 30-fold higher



MAIN PHARMACOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

ANTIOXIDATIVE

Directly scavenging free radicals Chelating metal ions and inhibiting lipid peroxidation Regulating levels of glutathione to enhance antioxidant capacity Increasing expression of antioxidant enzymes glutathione transferase and aldo-keto reductase

ANTIMICROBAL

Good inhibitory effect on the growth of pathogenic bacteria: Aspergillus flavus, Escherichia coli, Proteus, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Salmonella enteritidis, Staphylococcus aureus

ANTIPROTOZOAL

Inhibitory effects against various protozoan parasites: Toxoplasma, Babesia, Theileria, Trypanosoma, and Leishmania

ANTIVIRAL

Strong antiviral activity towards a wide range of viruses

ANTI-INFLAMMATORY

Significant anti-inflammatory potential in different cell types

IMMUNOMODULATING

Enhancing cellular and humoral immune functions

NEUROPROTECTIVE

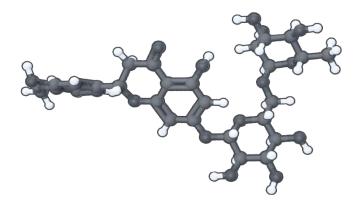
Beneficial effects against neurodegenerative diseases with inhibitory effect against acetylcholinesterase and oxidative stress

POSSIBLE CLINICAL APPLICATION

Allergies and respiratory diseases Bacterial and parasitic diseases and viral infections Cancers, tumors Cardiovascular diseases Cognitive impairment, including Alzheimer's disease Hepatoprotective and anti-mycotoxin effect Immunomodulative effect Metabolic disorders, including diabetes and obesity Musculoskeletal diseases, including arthritis and degenerative bone diseases Neuroinflammatory diseases, including Parkinson's disease Renoprotective and anti-oxalate effect (kidney stones, gout) Skin and body ageing

References:

https://www.hindawi.com/journals/omcl/2020/8825387/ https://www.mdpi.com/2304-8158/9/3/374/pdf http://www.bioline.org.br/pdf?pr14215



H100 LIPOSOMAL HESPERIDIN 100 mg

Ref.No H100-TC-J30

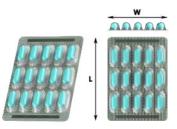
Chewable tablet

1000mg (sugar free)

Ref.No H100-C0-B30	

Hard gelatin (bovine) capsule #0 (sugar free)





Blister plate 115x75mm (15 capsules) 2 blister plates per box

Box 130x25x90mm

(30 capsules)

SUPREME

30

Ref.No H100-TC-B30

Chewable tablet

1000mg (sugar free)



Blister plate 115x75mm (15 tablets) 2 blister plates per box



Box 130x25x90mm (30 tablets)

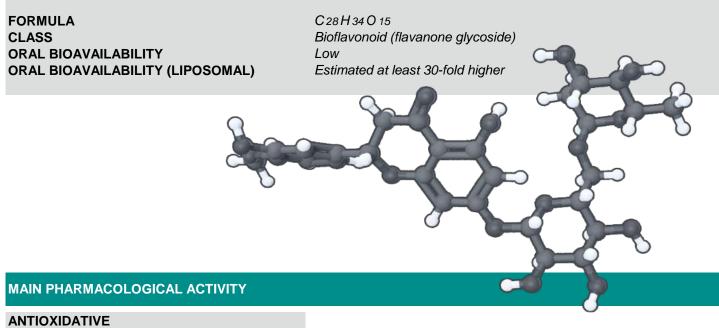


Bottle with box 55x55x130mm (30 tablets)





HESPERIDIN



Exerts direct free radical scavenging ability, capability to increase cellular glutathione content, reduces oxidative stress markers, inhibits lipid peroxidation, and prevents DNA damage

NEUROPROTECTIVE

Ameliorates deficits in social interactive behaviors, suppresses the oxidative stress, attenuates behavioral alterations, regulates cellular signaling pathways involved in stroke and epilepsy

PSYCHOPROTECTIVE

Exerts an antidepressant-like effect, decreases stress and anxiety, exerts a sedative effect

ANTICANCER

Prevents carcinogenesis by inducing apoptosis of tumor cells, suppression of inflammation, and inhibition of the proliferation of cancer cells

CARDIOPROTECTIVE

Exerts anti-hypotensive, hypolipidemic effect, and reduces inflammation

ANTI-INFLAMMATORY

Decreases inflammation biomarkers, suppresses pro-inflammatory protein production

ANTIDIABETIC

Exerts both hypoglycemic and hypolipidemic effects, attenuates hyperglycemia mediated oxidative stress

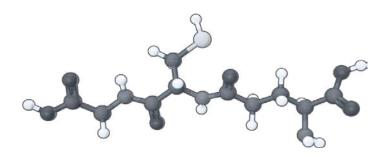
RADIOPROTECTIVE

Protecting the DNA, immune and hematopoietic systems from X-ray, UV, and γ-radiation

POSSIBLE CLINICAL APPLICATION

Cancers

Cardiovascular diseases including hypertension, myocardial infraction Neurodegenerative diseases including epilepsy, Parkinson's and Alzheimer's diseases, stroke, Huntington disease Psychiatric disorders including stress and anxiety Liver disease including fatty liver, steatosis, alcohol-induced liver disease, and liver cancer Allergies, asthma Diabetes, hypercholesterolemia Inflammatory skin diseases Rheumatoid arthritis Viral and bacterial infectious diseases Osteoporosis Kidney diseases



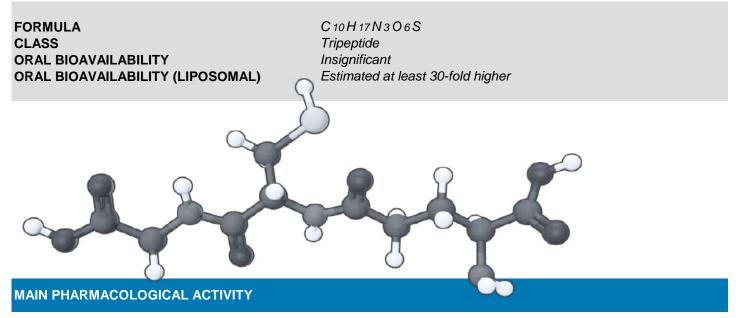
G50 LIPOSOMAL GLUTATHIONE 50 mg







GLUTATHIONE



ANTIOXIDATIVE

Scavenges free radicals directly or through enzymatic catalysis, prevents the oxidation of biomolecules

ANTI-INFLAMMATORY

Capable to suppress inflammation by decreasing the reactive oxygen species (ROS) Capable to inhibit inflammatory pathways

NEUROPROTECTIVE

Exerts significant improvement in cognitive performance and the Dementia Rating Scale

ANTICANCER

Effective in removal and detoxification of carcinogens, helps to reduce cancer incidents

HEPATOPROTECTIVE

Prevents liver oxidative injury by increasing antioxidant level

ANTIVIRAL

Inhibits viral replication by reducing ROS levels, inhibits pro-inflammatory proteins levels associated with viral infections in HIV and Tuberculosis patients, prevents cytokine storm in Covid-19

CARDIOPROTECTIVE

Prevents major cardiovascular diseases like hypertension and atherosclerosis by maintaining redox balance

LUNG PROTECTIVE

Preventing lung diseases like chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases by maintaining the balance of thiol-redox state

ANTIDIABETIC

Improves insulin-mediated glucose uptake, prevents the development of hyperglycemia and the decrease in insulin levels, reduces apoptosis in pancreatic β -cells

IMMUNOMODULATING

Prevents autoimmune diseases and immune dysfunctions by reducing the oxidative burden and regulating immune cells response

POSSIBLE CLINICAL APPLICATION

Cancers

Pulmonary viral infections diseases Neurodegenerative diseases (Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, multiple sclerosis, autism) Liver diseases (alcoholic, injury related, fibrogenesis related) Autoimmune diseases (arthritis, lupus, psoriasis) Osteoporosis

References:

<u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2756154/</u> https://www.mdpi.com/2076-3921/9/10/914/htm https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11064-020-03030-1



A100 LIPOSOMAL ASTRAGALUS 100 mg

Ref.No A100-C0-B30 Ref.No A100-TC-B30 Ref.No A100-TC-J30 Hard gelatin (bovine) Chewable tablet Chewable tablet capsule #0 (sugar free) 1000mg (sugar free) 1000mg (sugar free) Blister plate 115x75mm Blister plate 115x75mm (15 tablets) (15 capsules) 2 blister plates per box 2 blister plates per box ASTRAGALUS 30 30 30 Box 130x25x90mm Box 130x25x90mm Bottle with box 55x55x130mm (30 tablets) (30 tablets) (30 capsules)





ASTRAGALUS

PHARMOCOLOGICAL ASSAY

FORMULA CLASS ORAL BIOAVAILABILITY ORAL BIOAVAILABILITY (LIPOSOMAL) C 41 H 68 O 14 (Astragaloside IV) Saponin, triterpene glycoside Low Estimated at least 30-fold higher

Low Estimated at least 30-fold higher

MAIN PHARMACOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

ANTIOXIDATIVE

Scavenges free radicals, increases the activity of antioxidant enzymes, inhibits the peroxidation

ANTICANCER

Exerts anti-carcinogenesis properties by inhibiting tumor cell growth, preventing inflammation, increasing tumor suppression, and inhibiting cancer cell invasion

CARDIOPROTECTIVE

Lowers the plasma lipids, exerts vasorelaxation effect, reduces cardiac muscle injury, inhibits blood pressure elevation

ANTI-INFLAMMATORY

Inhibition of the production of inflammatory factors and their gene expression

ANTIASTHMATIC

Inhibits airway inflammation associated with asthma

IMMUNOMODULATING

Improves immune organs such as the liver, kidneys, and spleen, improves immunity by the proliferation of immune cells, exerts immune system enhancing effects

NEUROPROTECTIVE

Protects dopaminergic neurons and promotes neural process outgrowth, maintains dopamine synthesis, prevents neuron pathology, reduces neural apoptosis, improves cognitive functions

ANTIVIRAL

Decreases the viral replication, enhances the cellular immunity against viruses

ANTIDIABETIC

Protects pancreatic beta cells from cell death, exerts positive effects on regulating the mechanism of glucose and lipid metabolisms, improves the insulin function, decreases the expression of an insulin-resistance protein

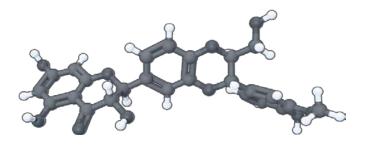
POSSIBLE CLINICAL APPLICATION

Cancers

Neurodegenerative diseases incl. Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, substantia nigra Metabolic diseases incl. diabetes type I and II Viral infections incl. influenza and the common cold Liver diseases incl. hepatitis, fatty liver disease, fibrosis, chronic liver injury Cardiovascular diseases incl. heart failure, myocardial ischemia, reperfusion injury, cardiac hypertrophy Asthma

References:

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1756464620305636 https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25087616/



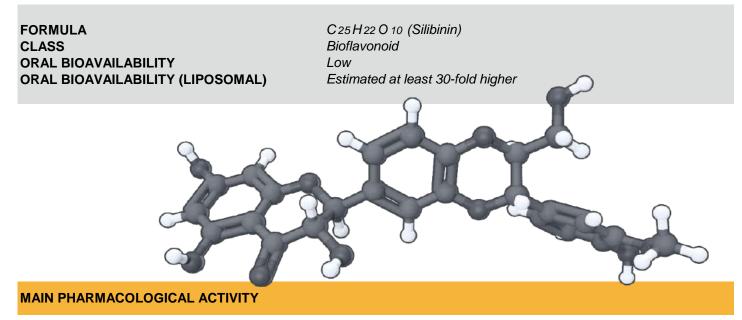
\$50 LIPOSOMAL **SILYMARIN** 50 mg







SILYMARIN



ANTIOXIDATIVE

Increases the gene expression of antioxidant enzymes containing superoxide dismutase, glutathione peroxidase, and catalase. Inhibits lipid peroxidation, and increases the intracellular glutathione content

ANTI-INFLAMMATORY

Significant anti-inflammatory effect via inhibition of the expression of various genes involved in the inflammatory process

HEPATOPROTECTIVE

Prevents hepatic inflammation, inhibits the replication of infectious hepatitis C virus, increases membrane stability in exposure to xenobiotics, reduces the deposition of collagen fibers, anti-hepatotoxic potential

ANTICANCER

Exerts cell proliferation suppression and apoptosis induction in cancer cells, inhibition of metastasis and angiogenesis

NEUROPROTECTIVE

Exerts antioxidant activities in the central nervous system, elevates some neurotransmitters concentration in the brain, has an antidepressant effect, reduces the rotational behavior caused by Parkinson disease

RENOPROTECTIVE

Improves alteration in serum creatinine concentrations, prevents nephrotoxicity and cancer of the kidney, protects the renal tissues from oxidative damage, treats inflammatory anemia in peritoneal dialysis patients

IMMUNOMODULATING

Inhibits the activation of inflammatory mediators, inhibits the activation of human T-lymphocytes

ANTIDIABETIC

Increases serum insulin, reduces serum glucose, prevents damages in pancreatic cells, recovers endocrine function and pancreatic morphology in diabetic models

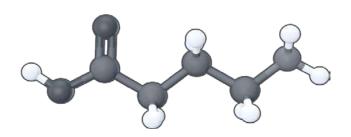
POSSIBLE CLINICAL APPLICATION

Cancers

Neurodegenerative diseases incl. Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, diabetic neuropathy Metabolic diseases incl. diabetes, hypercholesterolemia. Hemolysis diseases incl. sickle cell anemia and β-thalassemia disease Osteoporosis Cardiovascular diseases incl. ischemia and cardiac infarction Gastrointestinal diseases incl. ulcers and colitis Skin disorders incl. erythema, edema, sunburn, hyperplasia, photoaging, and melanogenesis Liver diseases incl. hepatitis, cirrhosis, alcohol-related liver disease, fatty liver Fungal intoxication

References:

<u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3586829/</u> <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27771919/</u> <u>https://link.springer.com/article/10.2165/00044011-200222010-00007</u>



GB50 LIPOSOMAL GABA 50 mg

Ref.No GB50-TC-J30

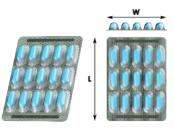
Chewable tablet

1000mg (sugar free)

Ref.No GB50-C0-B30

Hard gelatin (bovine) capsule #0 (sugar free)





Blister plate 115x75mm (15 capsules) 2 blister plates per box

Box 130x25x90mm

(30 capsules)

30





Blister plate 115x75mm (15 tablets) 2 blister plates per box

SR

SUPREME

30



Bottle with box 55x55x130mm (30 tablets)

United States Patent US20100239521A1

Box 130x25x90mm

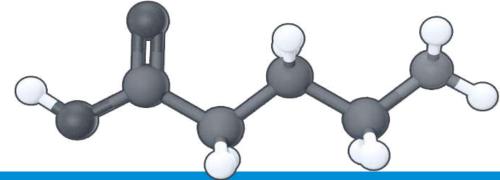
(30 tablets)





GABA

FORMULA CLASS ORAL BIOAVAILABILITY ORAL BIOAVAILABILITY (LIPOSOMAL) C4H9NO2 (Gamma-Aminobutyric acid, GABA) Inhibitory neurotransmitter Insignificant Estimated at least 30-fold higher



MAIN PHARMACOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

NEUROPROTECTIVE

Alleviates the severity of epileptic seizures, changes the neuron excitability in neurodegenerative diseases, protects neurons against death induced by ischemia/reperfusion

ANTI-INSOMNIAC

Improves nighttime hormone secretion, discontinuing sleep, and sleeplessness

PSYCHOPROTECTIVE

Exerts antidepressant and stress-reducing effects, modulates different forms of anxiety, fears, phobias, and depression

CARDIOPROTECTIVE

Reduces blood pressure through its antihypertensive effects, regulation of cardiovascular functions through modulating hypercholesterolemia

ANTICANCER

Inhibits the metastasis and progression of cancer cells

ANTIDIABETIC

Reduces hyperglycemia, increases insulin secretion, improves impaired glucose tolerance

IMMUNOMODULATING

Modifies immune's cell proliferation, modulates the immune response to infections, activation or suppression of cytokine secretion

POSSIBLE CLINICAL APPLICATION

Neurological diseases incl. Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, seizures, epilepsy, autonomic disorders

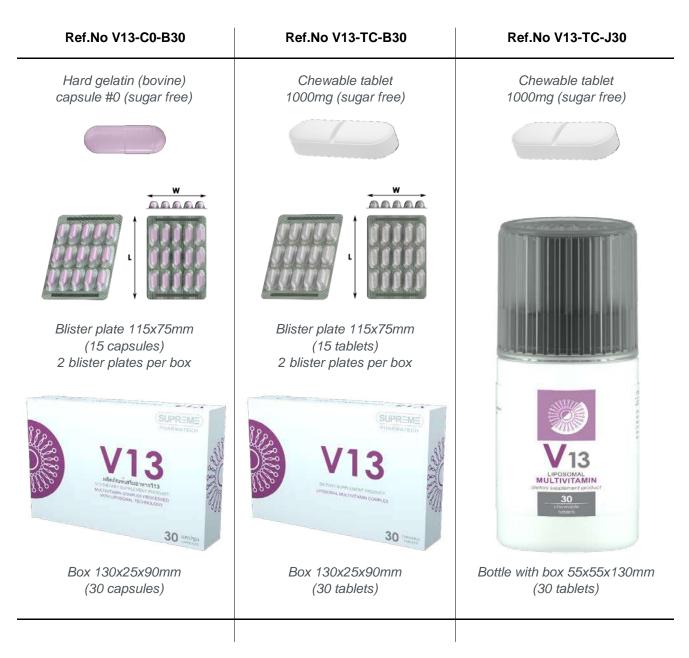
Alcoholism

Drug addiction

Premenstrual dysphoric disorder

Autoimmune diseases incl. stiff-person syndrome, type I diabetes, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis Mental disorders incl. anxiety disorders, insomnia, nervouseness, schizophrenia Narcolepsy

V13 LIPOSOMAL MULTIVITAMIN COMPLEX







VITAMINS

FORMULA

C20H30O (Vitamin A) C12H17N4OS+ (Vitamin B1) C17H20N4O6 (Vitamin B2) C6H5NO2 (Vitamin B3) C9H17NO5 (Vitamin B5) C8H11NO3 (Vitamin B6) C10H16N2O3S (Vitamin B7) C 19 H 19 N 7 O 6 (Vitamin B9) C 63 H 88 CoN 14 O 14 P (Vitamin B12) C6H8O6 (Vitamin C) C27H44O (Vitamin D3) C29H50O2 (Vitamin E) C31H46O2 (Vitamin K1) Vitamins Low Estimated at least 30-fold higher

CLASS ORAL BIOAVAILABILITY ORAL BIOAVAILABILITY (LIPOSOMAL)

MAIN PHARMACOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

ANTIOXIDATIVE

Vitamin A, Vitamin C, Vitamin D3, Vitamin E, Vitamin K

ANTICANCER

B complex, Vitamin C, Vitamin D3, Vitamin E, Vitamin K

ANTIDIABETIC

Vitamin D3, Vitamin A, Vitamin B₇, Vitamin E

IMMUNOMODULATING

Vitamin D3, Vitamin C, Vitamin E, Vitamin A

ANTIVIRAL

Vitamin C, Vitamin D3

NEUROPROTECTIVE

Vitamin E, Vitamin B1, Vitamin B6, Vitamin B9, Vitamin C

CARDIOPROTECTIVE

Vitamin E, Vitamin C, Vitamin A, Vitamin B9, Vitamin B12

HEPATOPROTECTIVE

Vitamin A, Vitamin B12, Vitamin C, Vitamin D3, Vitamin E, Vitamin K

GASTROPROTECTIVE Vitamin A, B complex, Vitamin C, Vitamin D3

RENOPROTECTIVE

Vitamin A, Vitamin E, Vitamin C, Vitamin D3

PSYCHOPROTECTIVE

Vitamin B1, Vitamin B6, Vitamin B9, Vitamin B12, Vitamin D3

POSSIBLE CLINICAL APPLICATION

Cancers

Cardiovascular diseases incl. atherosclerosis, hypertension, myocardial infarction, stroke, coronary heart disease Neurodegenerative diseases incl. Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, epilepsy Metabolic diseases incl. diabetes, obesity, hypercholesterolemia Rheumatoid arthritis, depression, osteoporosis, PMS, renal failure, anemia Gastrointestinal diseases incl. inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, celiac disease, gallstones Liver diseases incl. steatohepatitis, hepatitis, cirrhosis, hepatocellular carcinoma Skin conditions incl. acne, psoriasis, photodamage, photoaging, and cellulite Respiratory diseases incl. asthma, allergic rhinitis, and chronic rhinosinusitis

References:

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4419060/ https://psycnet.apa.org/record/2007-12463-002